

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) Process A method for anticipating a risk of spontaneous ignition and explosion of an explosive atmosphere in an environment ~~comprising chosen from~~ a group consisting of a grain silo, a center for storing coal dust, industrial dusts, animal or plant meals or chemical fertilizers or ammonium nitrates, driftways, pipe lines and storage tanks wherein benzene, cyclohexane, cyclohexene, kerosene, ethane, n-heptane, petroleum spirit, methane, butane or propane is stored in the pipes lines or the storage tanks, the method comprising:

measuring a temperature of a mixture and any change over time from a time of creation of said atmosphere at an instant combustible vapors or gases are initially mixed or put into contact with air,

determining a critical moment of spontaneous ignition and/or explosion of the mixture is by determining an induction time remaining to go, including the time elapsed between the creation of said atmosphere and the critical moment beyond which there is a risk of said atmosphere spontaneously igniting and exploding, and

using a means for preventing spontaneous ignition and explosion of said atmosphere when the time elapsed from the moment of creation of said atmosphere approaches the critical moment of spontaneous ignition, wherein the means is engaged manually or automatically.

2-15. (Canceled)

16. (Previously Presented) Process for anticipating a risk of spontaneous ignition and explosion of an explosive atmosphere in an environment chosen from a group consisting of a grain silo, a center for storing coal dust, industrial dusts, animal or plant meals or chemical fertilizers or ammonium nitrates, driftways and truck, aircraft or boat tanks of hydrocarbons chosen from the group consisting of kerosene, petroleum spirit, methane, butane and propane, the method comprising:

App. No. 10/009126

measuring a temperature of a mixture and any change over time from a time of creation of said atmosphere,

determining a critical moment of spontaneous ignition and/or explosion of the mixture by determining an induction time remaining to go, including the time elapsed between the creation of said atmosphere and the critical moment beyond which there is a risk of said atmosphere spontaneously igniting and exploding, and

using a means for preventing spontaneous ignition and explosion of said atmosphere when the time elapsed from the moment of creation of said atmosphere approaches the critical moment of spontaneous ignition, wherein the means is engaged manually or automatically.